

INDEX.

| | PAGE. |
|--|-------|
| ALVORD, B. The Intersections of Circles and the Intersections of Spheres, | 25 |
| CAYLEY, A. A Memoir on the Abelian and Theta Functions, | 137 |
| CRAIG, T. Some Elliptic Function Formulæ, | 62 |
| Note on the Counter-pedal Surface of an Ellipsoid, | 76 |
| On a Theta-Function Formula, | 350 |
| DAVIS, E. W. An Expression of the Coordinates of a Point on a Bi-nodal Quartic Curve as Rational Functions of the Elliptic Functions of a Variable Parameter, | 331 |
| DURFEE, W. P. Tables of the Symmetric Functions of the Twelfthic, | 45 |
| The Tabulation of Symmetric Functions, | 348 |
| ELY, G. S. Bibliography of Bernoulli's Numbers, | 228 |
| Some Notes on the Numbers of Bernoulli and Euler, | 337 |
| FAA DE BRUNO, REVD. Quelques Applications de la Théorie des Formes Binaires aux Fonctions Elliptiques, | 1 |
| Sur le Developpement des Fonctions Rationnelles, | 238 |
| FRANKLIN, F. On Cubic Curves, | 212 |
| HAGEN, REVD. J. On Division of Series, | 236 |
| HALE, A. W. Tables for Facilitating the Determination of Empirical Formulæ, | 342 |
| HAMMOND, J. On the Solution of the Differential Equation of Sources, | 218 |
| STORY, W. E. On the Non-Euclidean Geometry, | 180 |
| On Non-Euclidean Properties of Conics, | 358 |
| SYLVESTER, J. J. On Subinvariants, <i>i. e.</i> Semi-invariants to Binary Quantities of an Unlimited order. §1. Proem. §2. Germs. §3. Groundforms; Analytical Deduction of their Categories. §4. Perpetuants, <i>i. e.</i> Absolutely Irreducible Subinvariants. Excursus: on Rational Fractions and Partitions, | 79 |
| Tables of Generating Functions, Reduced and Representative for certain Ternary Systems of Binary Forms, | 241 |
| A Constructive Theory of Partitions, arranged in three Acts, an Interact in two parts, and an Exodion, | 251 |
| TURAZZA, D. Di un nuovo teorema relativo alla rotazione di un corpo ad un asse, | 382 |

ERRATA.

TABLES OF THE SYMMETRIC FUNCTIONS OF THE TWELFTHIC.

| Page | line | column | for | read |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 47 | (5 ³ 1 ²) | [2 ⁶] | 60 | 66 |
| 50 | (2 ⁴ 1 ⁴) | [521 ⁵] | 530640 | 53640 |
| 51 | (3 ³ 2 ² 1 ²) | [4 ³ 21 ²] | 370 | 376 |
| 51 | (3 ³ 21 ⁴) | [4 ² 2 ³] | 420 | 424 |
| 51 | (2 ⁴ 1 ⁴) | [43 ² 2] | 7398 | 7308 |
| 55 | [4 ³ 21 ²] | (63 ²) | 9 | — 9 |
| 58 | [6 ²] | (532 ²) | — 19 | — 18 |

SOME ELLIPTIC FUNCTION FORMULÆ.

Page 67, For equation 1 read

$$\frac{d^2 \operatorname{sn}^n u}{du^2} = n(n-1) \operatorname{sn}^{n-2} u - n^2(1+k^2) \operatorname{sn}^n u + n(n+1)k^2 \operatorname{sn}^{n+2} u.$$

“ 75, Insert du under first integral sign.

A CONSTRUCTIVE THEORY OF PARTITIONS.

Page 251, last line. After * * insert *.

“ 267, line 8 from foot. For *untractile* read *contractile*.

“ 268, line 10 from foot of text. For *and that those* read *and those*.

“ 282, in formula following the words “we obtain the equation” for $1 + ax.1 + ax$ in numerator read $1 + ax.1 + ax^4$.

“ 283, near middle of page *dele* $1 + ax^3$. preceding $x^{18}a^4$.

“ 299, line 1. After *number of* insert *improper fractions with*.

“ 300, Art. 51, line 2. Between *into* and *termed* insert *what I have elsewhere*.

“ “ Footnote, line 2. For 2° read 2θ .

“ 301, line 2. For *accuracy* read *precision*, and for *method* read *result*.

“ 302, line 5. For $\frac{12}{2.3} + \frac{12}{3.5}$ read $\frac{n}{2.3} + \frac{n}{3.5}$.

Page 306, line 10 from foot. For *lemma* read *the remark made*.

" " lines 8 and 12 from foot. For S_j read S_j .

" 325, Paragraph 3 is quite unintelligible as it stands and will be corrected hereafter.

" 330, lines 2 and 4 below the diagram. For the words following *consequently* and preceding *be a*, substitute *no similar contour obtained by treating any one of the three nodes which it contains as a centre of similitude will*.

" " line 5 below the diagram. After the word *origin* insert *in such contour*.

" " lines 6 and 5 from foot. *Dele* from *so* to *sign* inclusive and supply what follows as a parenthesis: (Points in a plane arranged in any order of sequence, such that the successive determinants formed by their trilinear coordinates are of uniform sign, are said to be in a normal order. Rays of a conical pencil arranged in any order of sequence, such that their intersections by a plane satisfy the above condition, are also said to be in a normal order: see privately printed syllabus of my lectures on Partitions, 1857, or M. Halphen's theory of *Aspects*.)

ON NON-EUCLIDEAN PROPERTIES OF CONICS.

Page 375, line 10 before *conics*, line 11 before *ellipse*, and line 12 before *circle*, insert *real*.

DI UN NUOVO TEOREMA, ETC.

Page 382, for *Dominico* read *Domenico*.

